

# Carbon Capture, Utilization and Storage (CCUS) Actions in CHNG and China



China Huaneng Clean Energy Research Institute
July 7, 2017



#### **Outline**



**Overview of CCUS in CERI** 

**Overview of CCUS in China** 

**Absorbent Development** 

**Pilot and Demo Plants** 



#### **Overview of CERI**

- Huaneng Clean Energy Research Institute (CERI) is a clean energy R&D institution directly under China Huaneng Group (CHNG).
- □ China Huaneng Group (CHNG) is a state-owned power company with an installed capacity of 165 million kW by the year of 2016, which is the largest in the world.







#### **Overview of CERI**

#### **Research Focuses in CERI**

- ☐ Clean Coal Technology: Coal Gasification, IGCC, Coal to Clean Fuel
- ☐ Circulating Fluid Bed (CFB) Technology
- ☐ Renewable Energy, Energy Storage, Energy System Optimization
- ☐ Carbon Capture, Utilization and Storage (CCUS)









- ☐ A family of 20 members, with 60% PhDs and with multidisciplinary educational background.
- □ 2 "Thousand Talents Program" experts; 1 "State Council allowance" experts; 1 "Beijing Outstanding Youth" expert
- □ Dr. Gao is the leader of CERI CCUS team. He is the project manager of both "3000 tpa CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Demo Project in Huaneng Beijing Thermal Power Plant" and "120,000 tpa CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Demo Project in Huaneng Shanghai Power Plant".



#### **Research Focuses:**



燃煤/气烟气碳捕集技术开发

Coal and Gas-fired Flue Gas CO2 Capture

新型吸收剂开发与性能评价

Novel Absorbent Development and Evaluation

工艺优化模拟和中试验证

Process Modeling, Optimization and Pilot Testing

二氧化碳与其它污染物协同脱除技术

Integrative Removal of CO2 and Other Pollutant

捕集装置设计与工程总包

Design and EPC of Capture System



#### **Research Focuses:**



二氧化碳驱替煤层气利用技术

Enhanced Coal-bed Methane Recovery

二氧化碳矿化利用技术

CO<sub>2</sub> Mineralization Utilization

二氧化碳压裂技术

CO<sub>2</sub> Fracturing Technology

二氧化碳化工利用技术

CO<sub>2</sub> Chemical Conversion Utilization



#### **R&D** Platform

- State key laboratory of coal-based clean energy
- Beijing key laboratory of CO2 Capture and Process
- NEA R&D Center of Clean Coal and Low-Carbon Power Generation
- Beijing International Cooperation Base for Clean Coal Technology Development



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#### **Laboratory Facilities**











HPLC, GC, FTIR, MS, AAS, Calorimeter, TOC, etc.





● 多样的试验装置 ● Multi-scale Test Setups

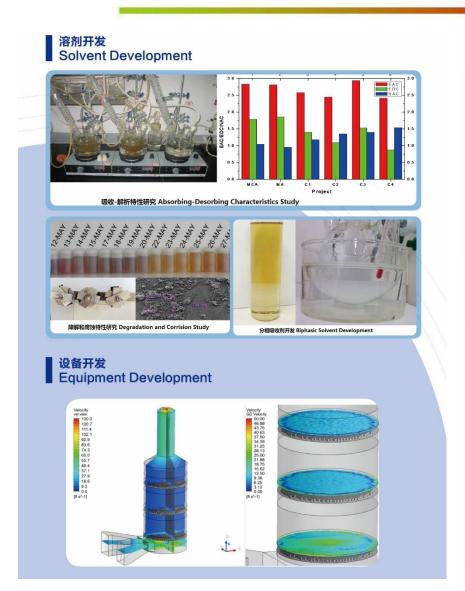




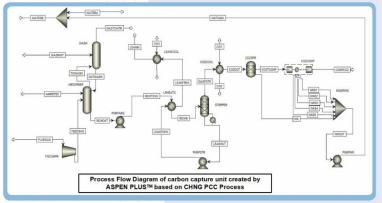




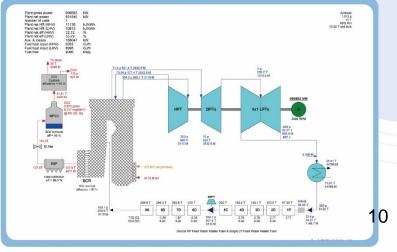
#### **Fundamental Research**



#### 工艺开发 Process Development



#### 系统集成 System Integration



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#### **Pilot Plant**



#### 燃煤烟气碳捕集中试装置 Coal-fired Flue Gas Carbon Capture Pilot Plant

- 实况燃煤烟气 Real coal-fired flue gas
- •1000 吨 / 年 1000 TPA
- 位于长春热电厂 Changchun Thermal Power Plant
- •用于溶剂测试和工艺验证 Test novel solvent and process



#### 燃气烟气碳捕集中试装置 Gas-fired Flue Gas Carbon Capture Pilot Plant

- 模拟燃气烟气 Simulated gas-fired flue gas
- •1000 吨 / 年 1000 TPA
- •北京 Beijing
- 燃气烟气碳捕集验证 Gas-fired CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Technology Verification

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#### **Demo Projects**

上海石洞口电厂 12 万吨 / 年碳捕集示范工程 120,000 t/a Carbon Capture Demo Project in Shanghai



In 2009, world's largest CO<sub>2</sub> capturing facility, with capturing capacity of 120,000 t/a, was put into operation in Huaneng Shanghai Shidongkou Power Plant.



北京热电厂 3000 吨 / 年碳捕集示范工程 3,000 t/a Carbon Capture Demo Project in Beijing

In 2008, China's first CO<sub>2</sub> capturing facility, with capturing capacity of 3,000 t/a, was put into operation in Huaneng Beijing Cogeneration Power Plant.



#### **Milestones**





#### **Research Projects**

- Key Technology and Equipment Development and Demonstration of CCUS Technology (China NEA)
- Demonstration of CO<sub>2</sub> Capture and ECBM Utilization(China MOST)
- China-US Joint-research on CCS Technology (China MOST)
- Optimization of Coal Utilization under Carbon Constraint (China CAE)
- Novel Absorbent Development and Application for Post-combustion CO<sub>2</sub>
   Capture (Beijing MSTC)
- Key Technology Development for CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Performance Improvement (Shanghai MSTC)
- R&D on CO<sub>2</sub> Mineralization by Coal Ash (Shanxi DOST)
- The Application of Membrane Concentration Technology in CO<sub>2</sub> Capture (CHNG)
- R&D on Novel Low Energy Penalty CO<sub>2</sub> Absorbent (CHNG)
- R&D on 1 MTPA CO<sub>2</sub> Capture System (CHNG)
- R&D on Rich-solvent Leaching Technology in CO<sub>2</sub> Capture (CHNG)
- Cooperation Action within CCS China-EU (COACH)
- EU- China The Near Zero Emissions Coal (NZEC) Project
- Scope Study of Technological Options for SOx treatment for CTSCo Project (ANLEC)



#### **Technology Application**

- 3,000 tpa CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Demo Project in Huaneng Beijing Thermal Power Plant
- 120,000 tpa CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Demo Project in Huaneng Shanghai Shidongkou Power Plant
- 1,000 tpa Coal-fired Flue Gas CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Pilot Platform in Huaneng Changchun Power Plant
- 1,000 tpa Gas-fired Flue Gas CO2 Capture Pilot Platform in Beijing Miyun County
- 120,000 tpa CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Project in Shenhua Jinjie Power Plant (Design)
- 50,000 tpa CO<sub>2</sub> Purification Project in Shanxi Yanchang Coal Chemical Plant
- Australia-China PCC Feasibility Study Project of 1 mtpa CO<sub>2</sub> PCC in Changchun Power Plant
- Australia-China PCC Feasibility Study Project of 120,000 tpa CO<sub>2</sub> PCC in Millmerran Power Plant
- Pre-design of Norway 1 mtpa PCC Project
- Feasibility Study of 1 mtpa PCC Project for Canada Saskpower
- China-Italy Joint Research on 1 mtpa PCC Project
- Pre-feasibility Study of 1 mtpa PCC Project for US Duke Energy
- Feasibility Study of 300,000 tpa PCC Project for Huaneng Taicang Power Plant



#### **Achievements & Honors**







#### **International Cooperation**

So far, we have developed tight relationship with companies, research Institutes and universities in US, Canada, Australia, Germany, British, Italy, Norway, France, Spain, South Korean and Brazil.



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#### **Social Influence**



时任美国能源部长朱棣文访问上海石洞口项目

Former Secretary of US DOE Steve Chu visits Shanghai Shidongkou PCC Project



澳大利亚前总理陆克文范围北京电厂示范项目

Former Australia Premier Kevin Michael Rudd visits Beijing PCC Project



上海石河口项目被评为"联合国环境友好城市示范项口"

Shanghai Shidongkou Project is Recognized as "Pilot Project of Shanghai Environmentally Friendly City Initiative" Project



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华能碳捕集项目备受杂志媒体关注 Huaneng's CO2 capture projects obtained

massive media coverage.





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**Overview of CCUS in CERI** 



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**Absorbent Development** 

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China Power Investment Corporation (CPIC)



#### 10kt/a PCC from a 300MW Unit in Chongqing Shuangkui Power Plant

- Commission in Dec 2009, put into operation in Jan 2010
- Capture rate 95%, CO2 purity 99.5%
- CO2 utilization: shielding gas for welding









### Sinopec CCUS Project (Shengli Oil)

#### **EOR & Storage: Shengli Oilfield G89**

Project Scale: 40,000t/a

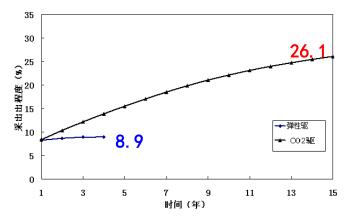
CO<sub>2</sub> resource: Flue gas of ShengliPower Plant

CO<sub>2</sub> capture: Post-combustion
 capture, chemical absorption

■ CO<sub>2</sub> Transportation: 80km, truck

Utilization: CO<sub>2</sub>-EOR

Low Permeability: 4.7mD





- Initial gas injection : Jan.,2008
- By 2015, about 250,000 tons has been injected
- Estimated oil recovery can be increased by 17.2% in 15 years.





### PetroChina CCUS Project (Jilin Oil)



#### CO2-EOR & Storage with CO<sub>2</sub> captured from Natural Gas

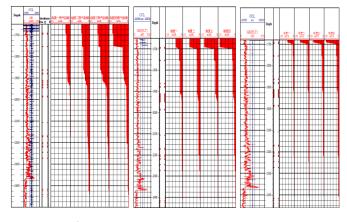


122,000tons of CO<sub>2</sub> were injected and 80,000 tons of CO<sub>2</sub> were storage. 51,000 tons of oil were recovered by May 2010.

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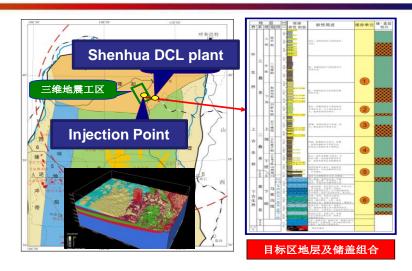
#### China Shenhua CCUS Project (Erdos)

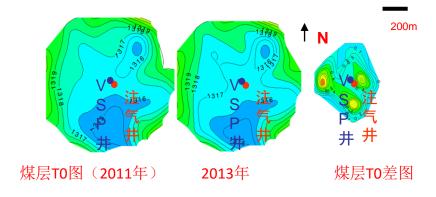
- China Shenhua is China's largest coal mining company and 5<sup>th</sup> coal-fired power company.
- 100,000tons/a CCS demo project
- CO<sub>2</sub> came from CTL (coal to liquid) Process
- Over 300,000tons had been injected



2011年5月 2012年6月 2013年9月

Evaluation the storage potential of different reservoirs.





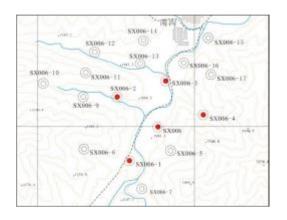
CO<sub>2</sub> moving area are within 350m





#### **China CBM CO2-ECBM Project**

- Shanxi Qinshui Basin
- 4,000 tons CO2 has been injected by 2015
- China CBM and Huaneng CERI are currently work on a 1,000 ton CCUS full chain demo project.









# Yanchang Petrolum



- Shanxi Yulin
- Phase I: 50,000 TPA project (2012, CERI's technology)
- Phase II: 360,000 TPA Project (planning)
- CO2 captured from coal chemical plant utilizing rectisol method
- CO2 is used for EOR



榆林煤化5万吨/年CO<sub>2</sub>捕集装置











Oxy-combustion

40MWt pilot plant Commercial scale burner Long-term operation demonstration 2014



**Huazhong University of Science and Technology** 

3MWt PC large pilot study 7000T/a full chain validation **ASU-CPU** coupling FGC and drying

2015-2020

200-600MWe full demo. Millions ton CCS-EOR

300kWt PC small pilot study Burner development **Data collection and Optimization Thermal Design** 



2011

2013

35MWt pilot plant 0.1 million ton capture **ASU-CPU-power generation** integration and optimization

**Fundamental** Study

2008

2.5MWt CFB oxyfuel boiler In-bed heat exchanger

2012



2005

50kWt Oxy-CFB small pilot study



1995

#### **CTSA-CCUS**



China Technology Strategic Alliance for CO<sub>2</sub> Capture, Utilization and Storage (CTSA-CCUS) was founded in Nov 2013.



#### Four Council Directors / 28 Members















1st General-Secretary: CHNG-CERI 1st CTSA-CCUS Conference: Feb. 2014 2<sup>nd</sup> CTSA-CCUS Conference: Apr. 2015

- Develop highly efficient and low-cost CCUS technology
- Constantly improve the level of technology and engineering on CCUS
- Promote the demonstration and commercialization of CCUS projects
- Provide technical support for the government on climate change mitigation

# **CHINA-US CERC**

In Nov. 2009, President Barack Obama and President Hu Jintao announced the establishment of the Clean Energy Research Center (CERC).



U.S.-CHINA CLEAN

**ENERGY RESEARCH CENTER** 

中美清洁能源研究中心





















































### **Outline**

**Overview of CCUS in CERI** 

**Overview of CCUS in China** 



**Absorbent Development** 

**Pilot and Demo Plants** 

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□ 二氧化捕集与处理北京市重点实验室(Beijing Key Laboratory of CO<sub>2</sub> Capture and Storage)





□ 实验室研发设备 Instrument



Reaction Heat Calorimeter



Ionic Chromatography



**FTIR** 



**UV-vis-NIR** 

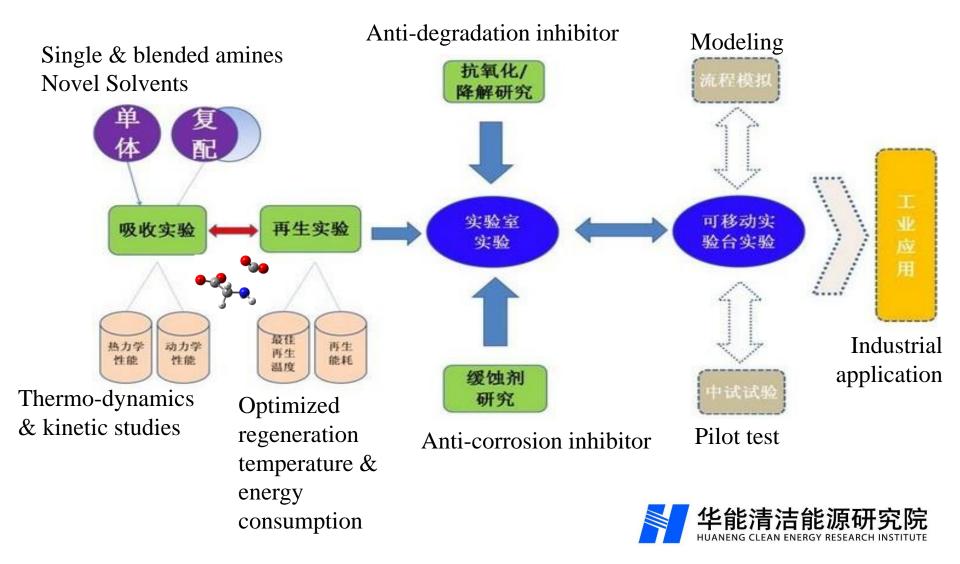


Drop Shape Analyzer



古形源研究院







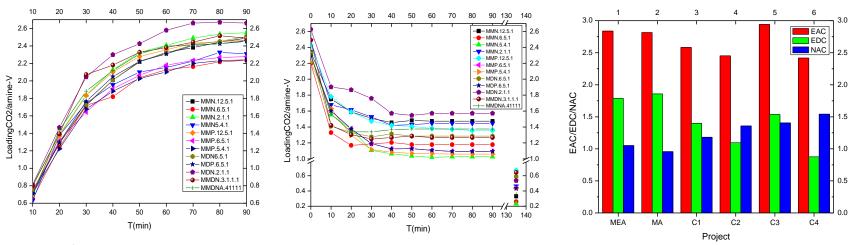
复配型醇胺吸收剂(Blended Amines)

**EAC: Equivalent Absorption Capacity** 

**EDC**: Desorption Capacity

NAC: Net Absorption Capacity NAC=EAC-EDC

吸收、解吸性能测试 Performance test of absorption & desorption



Testing condition:  $N_2:CO_2=85:15(V/V)$ , absorption at 40°C, Regeneration at 110°C

Solvent	NAC	Increased	Note
MEA	1.051	109.9%	MEA
MA	0.956	100%	Was used at BJ and SH
C1	1.182	123.6%	Higher NAC
C2	1.357	141.9%	higher NAC
C3	1.405	147.0%	higher NAC; fast absorption
C4	1.542	161.3%	higher NA HUANEN SCIENCE ENERGY RESEARCH INSTITUTE

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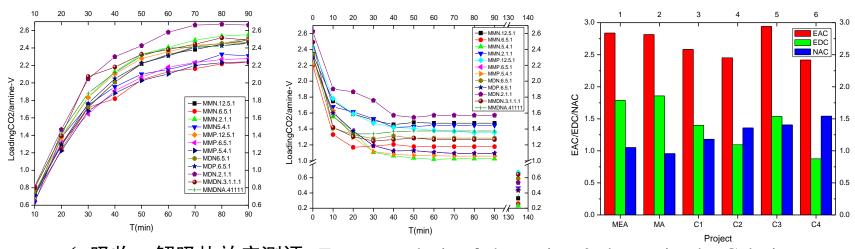
■ 复配型醇胺吸收剂(Blended Amines)

**EAC: Equivalent Absorption Capacity** 

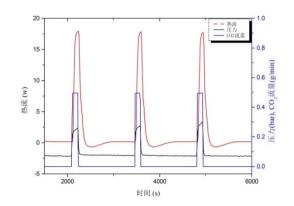
**EDC**: Desorption Capacity

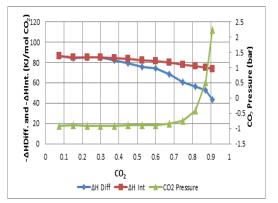
NAC: Net Absorption Capacity NAC=EAC-EDC

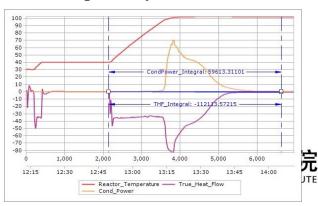
✓ 吸收、解吸性能测试 Performance test of absorption & desorption



✓ 吸收、解吸热效应测评 Energy analysis of absorption & desorption by Calorimeter

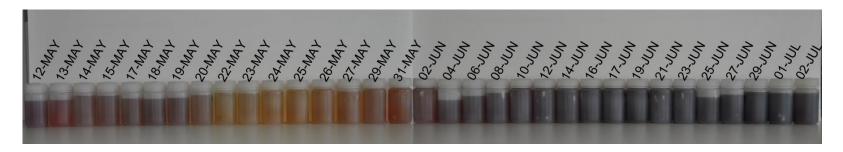








- 复配型醇胺吸收剂(Blended Amines)
  - ✓ 降解损耗分析评估 Analysis of solvent degradation and solvent loss

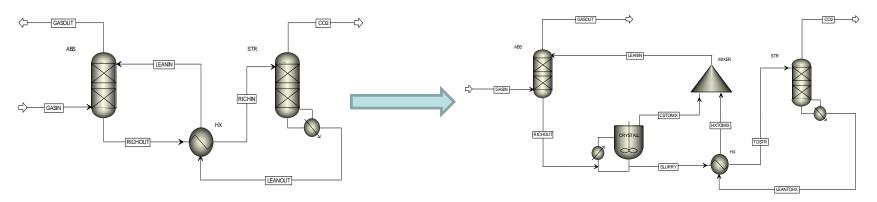


- □ 开发出HNC1~HNC5系列溶剂(Developed commercial solvents: HNC1~HNC5)
  - ✓ 2015年新型HNC5吸收剂在上海石洞口二厂12万吨/年捕集装置完成了超过3000 小时的连续运行验证。
    - In 2015, the new HNC5 solvent was tested for more than 3000 hours in shanghai CO<sub>2</sub> capture plant.
  - ✓ 溶液有效成分浓度下降速度为MEA的40%,再生能耗为3.0GJ/tCO<sub>2</sub>。该吸收剂可减少捕集成本约20%。
    - Solvent loss is 40% of MEA; Regeneration energy is 3.0GJ/tCO<sub>2</sub>; Reducing 20% CO<sub>2</sub> capture cost.



- □ 稠浆型CO₂吸收剂(Slurry-based CO₂ absorbent)
  - ✓ 传统吸收剂中水的比例较高(一般>70wt%),在CO<sub>2</sub>解吸过程中水的升温与挥发消耗大量的能量,占再生消耗热量的50%以上。
    - High water content in traditional solvent (usually >70%), a large part of energy (about 50%) is consumed by heating and evaporating the water in the solvent.
  - ✓  $\text{CO}_2$ 富液进入再生塔前进行浓缩预处理,实现 $\text{CO}_2$ 在富液中的再分配,浓缩相进入再生塔解吸,从而降低高温解吸过程中水的参与度。

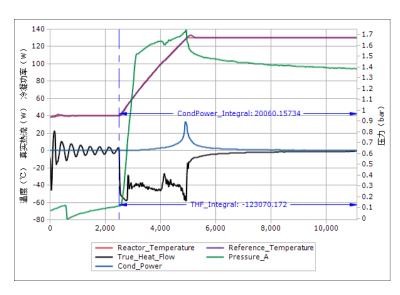
Developing new absorption solvent and process to reduce the water involvement in regeneration is effective approach to lower energy cost.

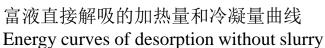


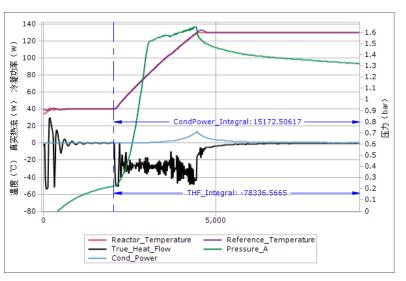




- □ 稠浆型CO₂吸收剂(Slurry-based CO₂ absorbent)
  - ✓ 开发出基于碳酸钾溶液的稠浆型CO₂捕集吸收剂和过程工艺。
    Potassium carbonate slurry-based CO₂ capture absorbent and process were developed.





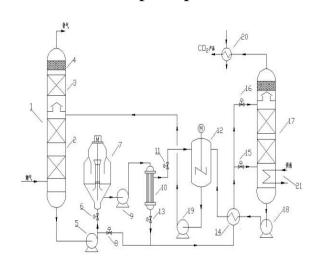


富液制浆解吸的加热量和冷凝量曲线 Energy curves of CO<sub>2</sub>-riched slurry desorption

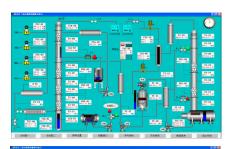


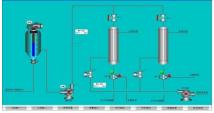


- 稠浆型CO₂吸收剂(Slurry-based CO₂ absorbent)
  - ✓ 完成实验室规模稠浆型CO₂捕集试验台的建造、测试和运行。
    Lab-scale pilot plant was built, tested and run for slurry-based CO₂ capture









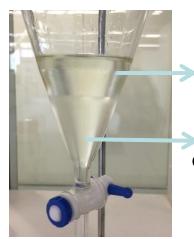
✓ 稠浆型 $CO_2$ 捕集工艺再生能耗达2.6GJ/吨 $CO_2$ ,稠浆型吸收剂的成本相比MEA吸收剂下降20%,损耗成本下降 $22\%\sim50\%$ 。

Regeneration energy is 2.6GJ/tCO<sub>2</sub>; absorbent cost is 20% that of MEA. Solvent loss cost is 22%~50% that of MEA;



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- □ 自浓缩相变型CO₂吸收剂(self-concentrated biphasic CO₂ absorbent)
  - ✓ 由胺、萃取剂和水混配而成
    Blended by amine, extractant and water.
  - ✓ 该类型吸收剂负载CO<sub>2</sub>后可自动分层为液-液两相,实现CO<sub>2</sub>的再分配。 After absorbing CO<sub>2</sub>, the absorbent can split into two liquid/liquid phase by itself, and almost all absorbed CO<sub>2</sub> transfer into the rich phase (more than 95%).
  - ✓ 该分相过程无需额外能耗,可有效实现CO<sub>2</sub>在富相中的浓缩。 No extra energy is needed for this process.



富相 CO<sub>2</sub> rich phase







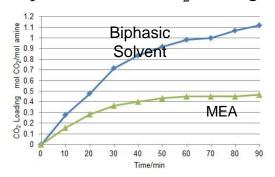
吸收剂负载 $CO_2$ 后的动态分层情况(2min、4min和10min) Solvent phase separation upon  $CO_2$  absorption after 2min, 4min, 10min

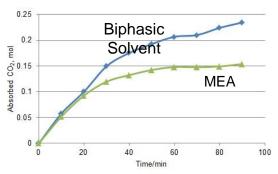




- □ 自浓缩相变型CO₂吸收剂(self-concentrated biphasic CO₂ absorbent)
  - ✓ 吸收速率和平衡负载高于MEA溶液

Absorption rate and CO<sub>2</sub> loading are higher than those of MEA solutions.

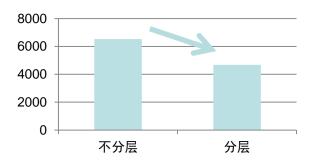


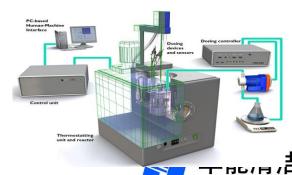


✓ 量热实验表明:分层后的CO<sub>2</sub>富相解吸可进一步降低20%~30%的再生能耗。

Calorimeter experiments show that the desorption of CO<sub>2</sub> rich phase can reduce

20%~30% regeneration energy.

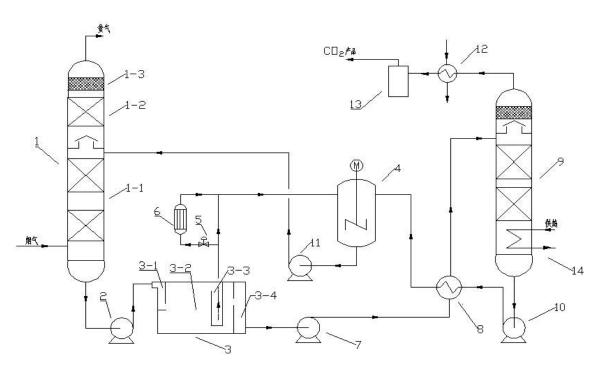




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□ 自浓缩相变型CO<sub>2</sub>捕集工艺

Designed capture process for biphasic CO<sub>2</sub> absorbent











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**Overview of CCUS in CERI** 

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**Absorbent Development** 



**Pilot and Demo Plants** 

## 中国华能 CHINA HUANENG

### (1) 1000 t/a coal-fired pilot plant

- The 100kg/h PCC pilot plant is based in Changchun coal-fired plant
- Purpose: (1) to evaluate the screened solvents;
   (2) to evaluate the operation of PCC plant under extreme cold conditions.
- Completed on May 2014 and have tested 3 solvents with 1000hrs for each solvent.

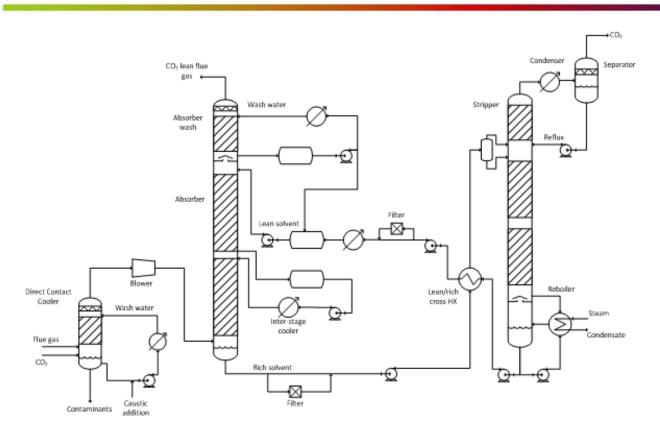






## 中国华能 CHINA HUANENG

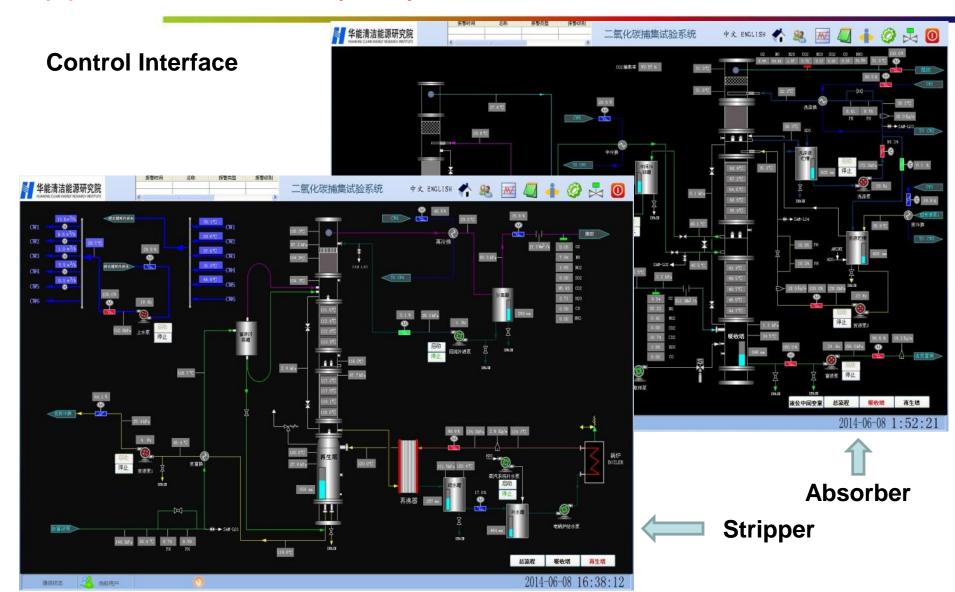
### (1) 1000 t/a coal-fired pilot plant



Columns	Pipe size	Packing height, m	Packing materials
DCC	DN450	3.055	316L
Absorber	DN350	8	316L
Wash	DN350	1.88	316L
stripper	DN250	8.56	316L



(1) 1000 t/a coal-fired pilot plant

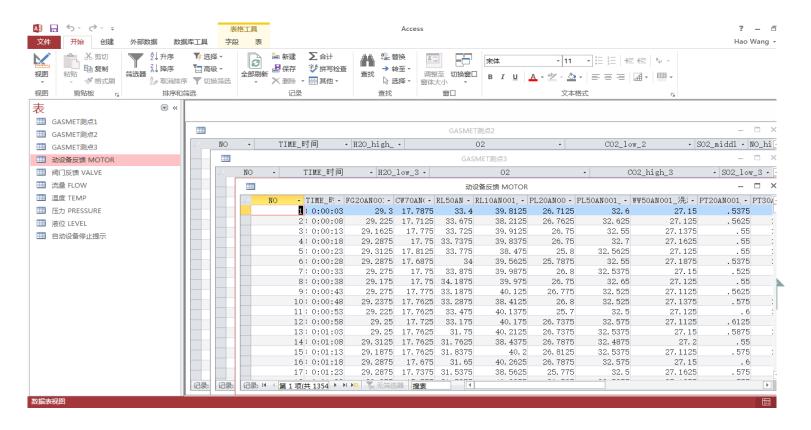


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### (1) 1000 t/a coal-fired pilot plant

#### **Data Acquisition**

- All data are stored in the database every 5 seconds;
- Access files are generated day by day;
- Data recorded include flue gas composition (GASMET), pressure/temperature of gas and liquid flow, liquid level in columns, PH value of solvent, etc.

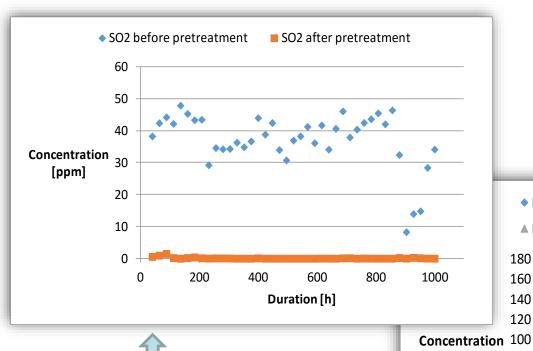


### (1) 1000 t/a coal-fired pilot plant



■ NOx after pretreatment

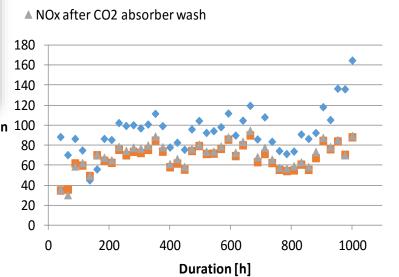
#### **Pretreatment Performance**



- SO2 concentration is below5 ppm after pretreatment;
- NOx removal rate is limited due the insoluble NO.

NOx before pretreatment

[ppm]



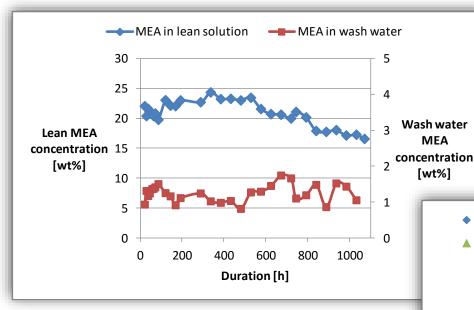
SO2 concentration in flue gas before and after pretreatment

NOx concentration in flue gas before and after pretreatment



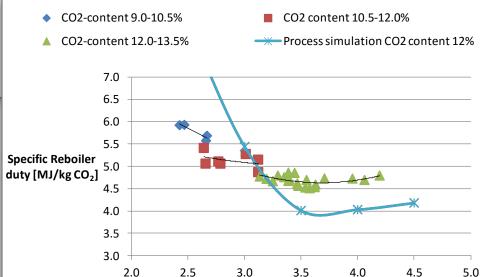
### (1) 1000 t/a coal-fired pilot plant

#### Test on MEA



Specific reboiler duty as a function of liquid/gas flow ratio

L/G[kg/kg]

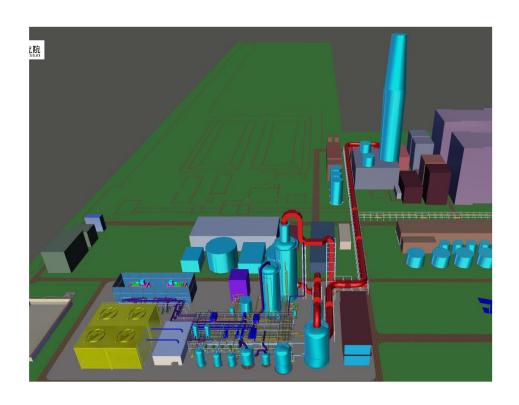


MEA concentration in absorbent circuit and wash-water circuit through-out the campaign



(1) 1000 t/a coal-fired pilot plant

The pilot test is an important part of the Australia-China PCC Feasibility Study which in conducted by CERI in 2016





(2) 1000 t/a gas-fired pilot plant





1000t/a PCC for NGCC plant

- China's first CO<sub>2</sub> capture pilot plant for gasfired NGCC plant with a capacity of 1000t/a; installed in Miyun county of Beijing in 2012.
- Simulated flue gas by industrial burner

  CO2 in flue gas: 6 vol% (11% for coal fired)

  O2 in flue gas: 12 vol% (5% for coal fired)

  Flue gas temperature: 90C (50C for coal-fired)
- This plant is served as a verification plant for Norway CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Mongstad (CCM) project
- Verification plant has been running stably for 3000 hours with capture efficiency >85% (85%~92%)
- Win the bidding of Norway Statiol CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Mongstad Project (Huaneng CERI-Powerspan JV)



### (2) 1000 t/a gas-fired pilot plant

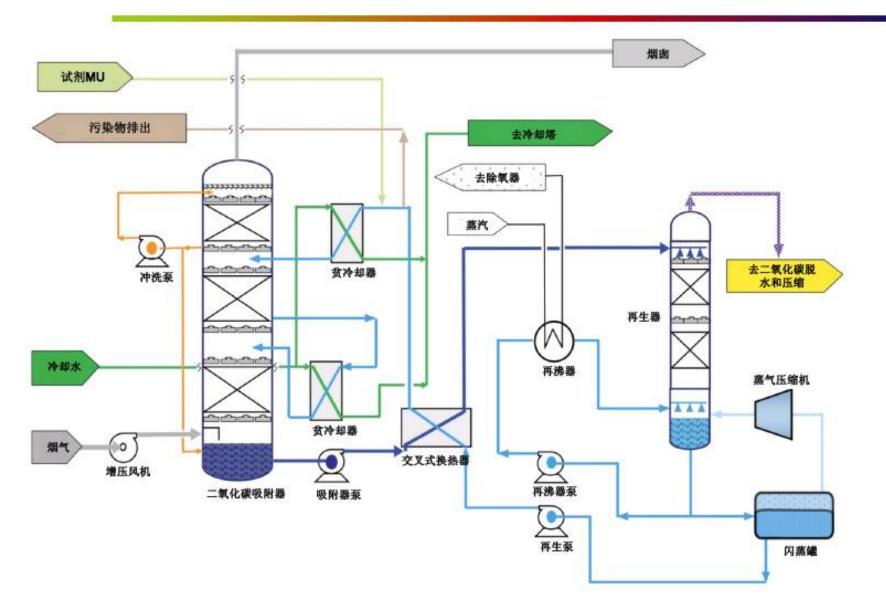
#### ■ Major Specs of NGCC plant

Absorber and Wash Section		
Information	CCM Full scale design	CERI Verification Plant
Column ID		0.48 m
CO <sub>2</sub> Absorber Packed Beds	15.2 m total packing – 2 beds with 7.6 m in each bed Inter-cooler between beds	
Packing type	Raschig RSP 250 316 SS, 250 m <sup>2</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	
Materials of construction (vessel walls and internals)	316 SS	Vessel walls 304 SS, internals 316 SS
Absorber Gas Velocity and Liquid Load	2.7 m/s (gas) 3.9 kg/m²-s (liquid)	
Wash Section Packing and Liquid Load	3.0 m in single bed, Raschig RSP 250, 316 SS, 4.2 kg/m²-s	

Regenerator		
Information	CCM Full scale design	CERI Verification Plant
Column ID		0.22 m
Packing		n total 6.1 m per bed
Packing type	Raschig RSP 250 316 SS, 250 m <sup>2</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	
Materials of construction (vessel walls and internals)	316 SS	
Liquid Load	18.6 kg/m <sup>2</sup> -s	
Reboiler types	Ke	ttle



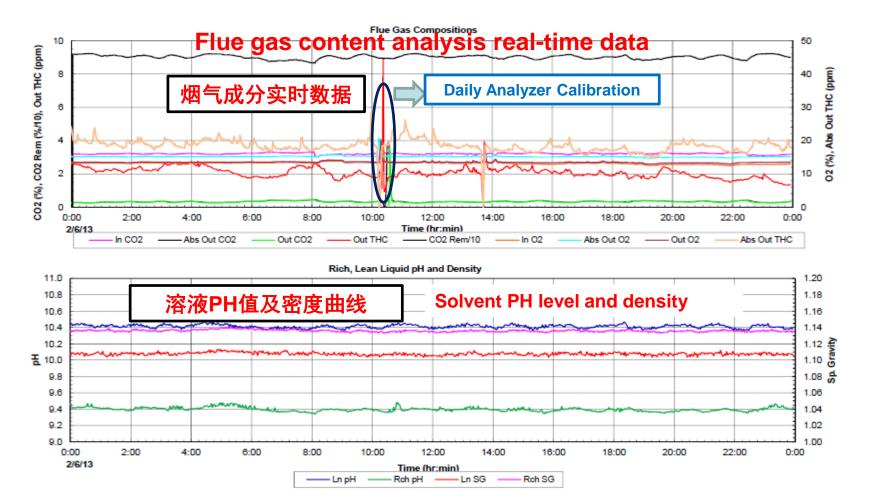
(2) 1000 t/a gas-fired pilot plant





### (2) 1000 t/a gas-fired pilot plant

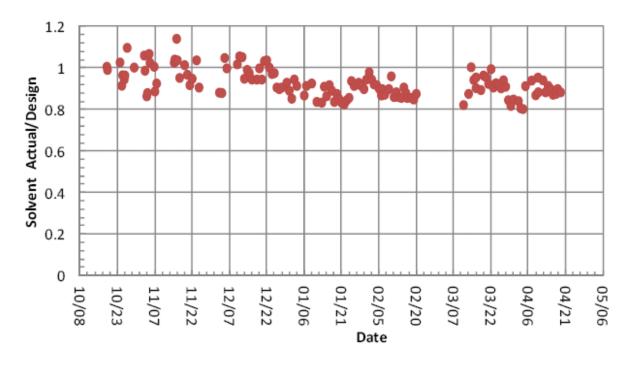
Automatic Data Collection Every 5 Seconds, and Generating Performance Curves





(2) 1000 t/a gas-fired pilot plant

- Daily Solvent sampling
- Three solvent additions added during the operation from Mar. 7 to Apr. 2.
- Estimate Solvent consume (0.3~0.45) kg / tCO<sub>2</sub>



Solvent concentration variation duringn 3000 hours test Y= Actual concentration / Design Concentration



(2) 1000 t/a gas-fired pilot plant

### Emissions 总体排放

气相排放组分 Gas emissions component	尾气浓度 Stack concentration
溶剂 Solvent	0.17ppmv
总亚硝胺 Total Nitrosamine(TONO)	3 μg/Nm³ as NDMA
氨 Ammonia	12.7ppmv
乙二胺 Ethylene Diamine	< 0.001 ppmv





#### **Corrision Analysis**

	_		
位置—材料 Location M	速度Rate, 0.00	1×英寸in/年Y	
中间冷却 intercooling		热富液 Hot Rich	
304	0.0232	304	
316L	0.0189	316L	
2205	0.0219	2205	
2507	0.0198	2507	
EPDM70	-8.4795	EPDM70	
TFEPFA	-0.0134	TFEPFA	
热贫液 Hot Lean			
304	0.0619		
316L	0.0634		
2205	0.0561		
2507	0.0455		
EPDM70	-19.3614		
TFEPFA	-0.0422		

- ■Materials tested: 316L, 304, 2205, 2507, EPDM-70 and TEFLON(PFA);
- ■Total exposure time is 3888hours. For all Alloys, lower than 0.0016mm/y

0.0573

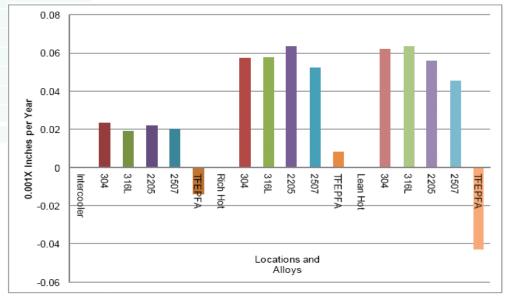
0.0579

0.0632 0.0522

-24.5093

0.0081

■TEFLON perform fine, while EPDM experience swelling in hot location



### (3) 3,000 t/a Demo plant



- China's first post-combustion CO2 capture plant with a capacity of 3000 t/a.
- Designed by CERI, completed in 2008 and still in scheduled operation.
- CO<sub>2</sub> product was sold to food industry such as Yanjin Beer.
- R&D platform of CERI.



3000 t/a PCC plant in Huaneng Beijing Thermal Power Plant

# 中国华能 CHINA HUANENG

## (3) 3,000 t/a Demo plant

Items	Introduction
Capture Process	Amine-based Post combustion Capture
Feature	PC power station, CO2 12-15% in flue gas
Scale	3,000tpa CO <sub>2</sub>
Solvent	MEA
Energy consumption	<3.5GJ/t CO <sub>2</sub>
Capture Ratio	>85%
CO <sub>2</sub> Purity	Food Grade, >99.997%
Others	New solvent developed by CERI was put in use since 2011, Energy consumption<3.2GJ/t CO <sub>2</sub>
	Stable running over 5 years, tests on corrosion, solvent purification and energy saving technologies

## 中国华能 CHINA HUANENG

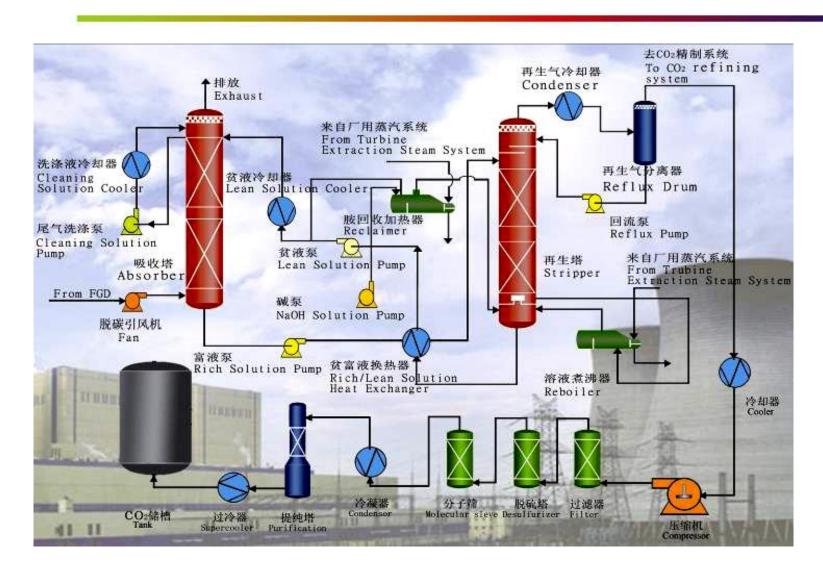
### (4) 120,000 t/a Demo plant

- Designed by CERI and ECEPDI, completed in 2009.
- Capacity: 120,000 t/a; it was word's largest PCC plant. (boundary dam,
- Cost: 100 million RMB (16 million USD)



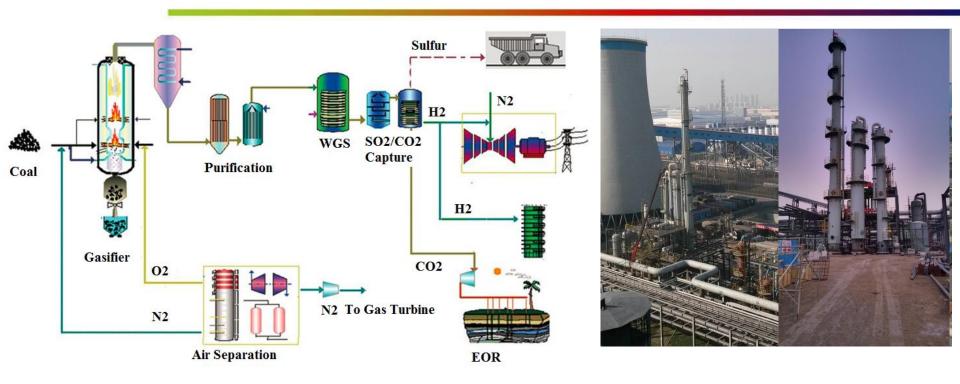
# 中国华能 CHINA HUANENG

(4) 120,000 t/a Demo plant





### (5) Tianjin IGCC Based Pre-combustion Capture



- The 30MWth pre-combustion CO<sub>2</sub> capture facility is being installed and will go into operation in 2016.
- The first pre-combustion CO2 capture with EOR and storage in China
- 200m³/h palladium membrane H₂/CO₂ separation system



## (5) Tianjin IGCC Based Pre-combustion Capture

Items	Introduction
Capture Process	Amine based Pre-combustion Capture
Feature	IGCC based full chain CCS
Scale	60,000-100,000tpa CO <sub>2</sub> (30MW <sub>th</sub> )
Energy consumption	$<2.5$ GJ/t $CO_2$
CO <sub>2</sub> Transportation	Tanks
CO <sub>2</sub> Storage	$\geq$ 60,000tpa CO <sub>2</sub> EOR+ $\geq$ 60,000tpa CO <sub>2</sub> storage
Others	Shift reaction heat power≥50kW CO/H <sub>2</sub> /CO <sub>2</sub> tunable
	H <sub>2</sub> /CO <sub>2</sub> membrane separation capacity≥6Nm <sup>3</sup> /h, 10-15% reduction in energy consumption